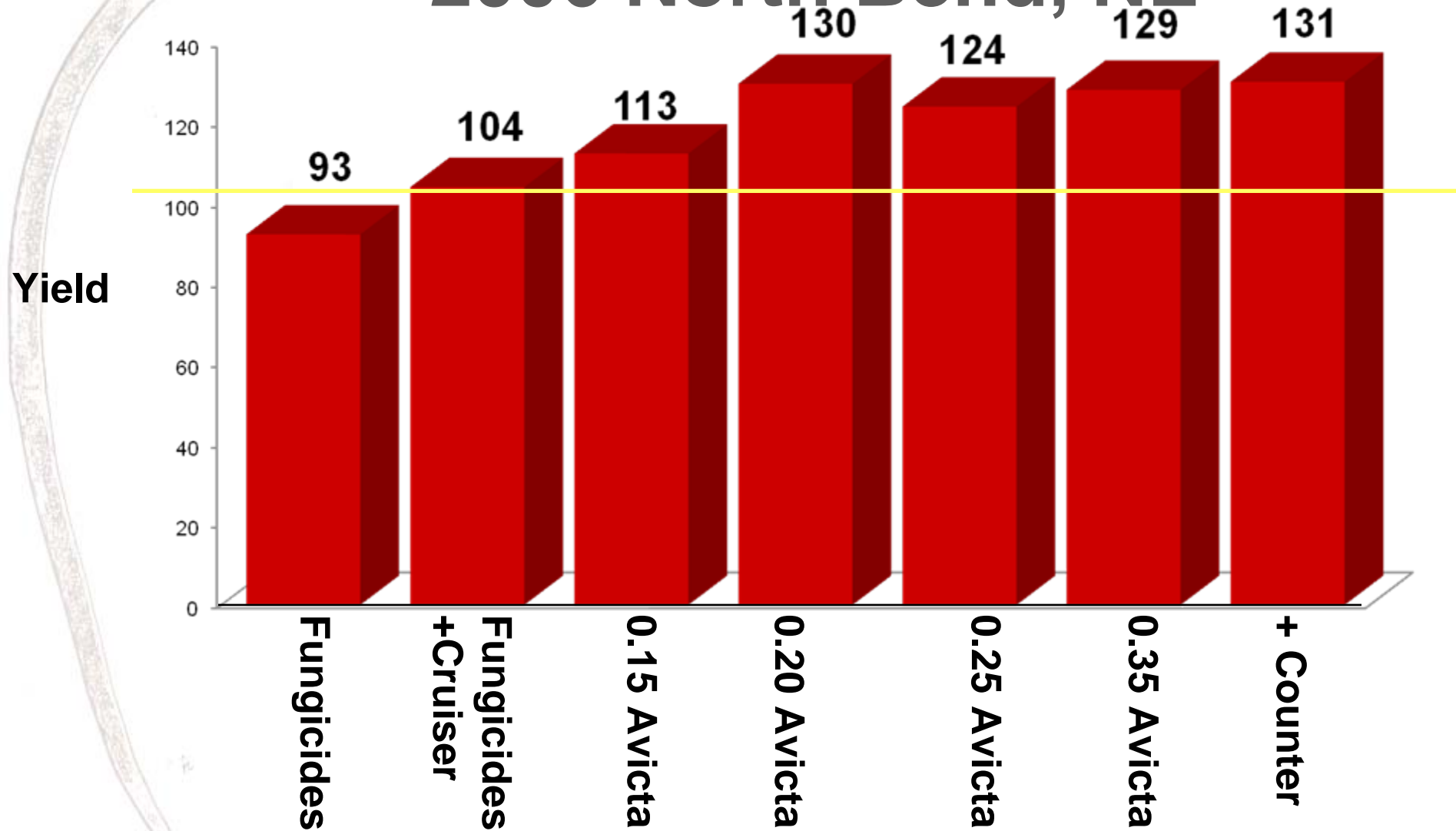


# Corn Nematicide Trial Yield Results 2006-2010

**Tamra Jackson**  
Extension Plant Pathologist  
University of Nebraska-Lincoln

# Avicta Nematicide Trial Results 2006 North Bend, NE



\*All treatments also contained the seed treatment fungicides Maxim, Apron, and Dynasty.

\*High population densities of lesion nematodes + others at lower densities

# North Bend, NE

June 2006

Lesion nematodes\*

Lance nematodes

Dagger nematodes

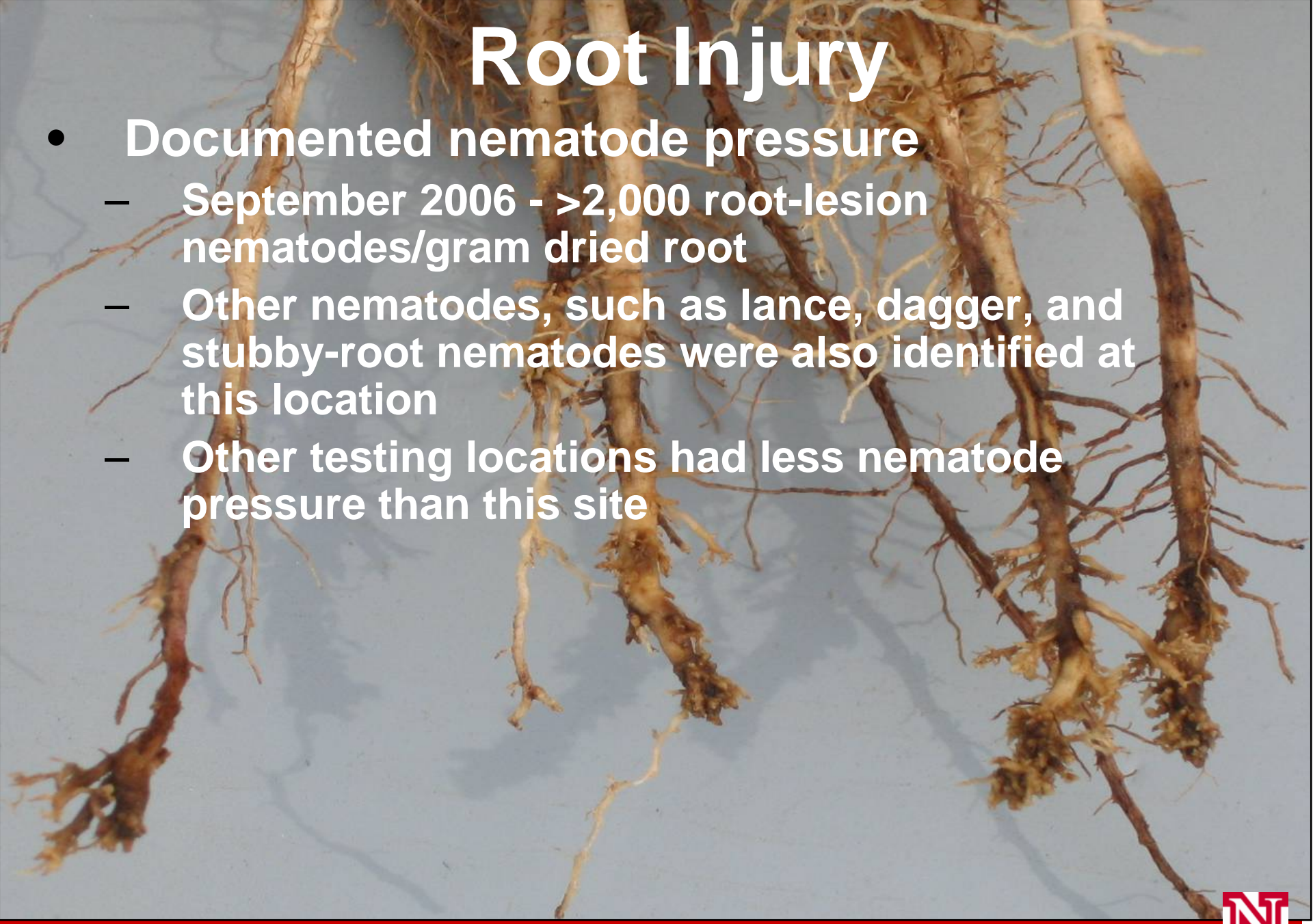
Stubby-root nematodes

- \* Farm average = 180 bu/A
- Yield in small plots was as low as 30 bu/A

T. Jackson, UNL

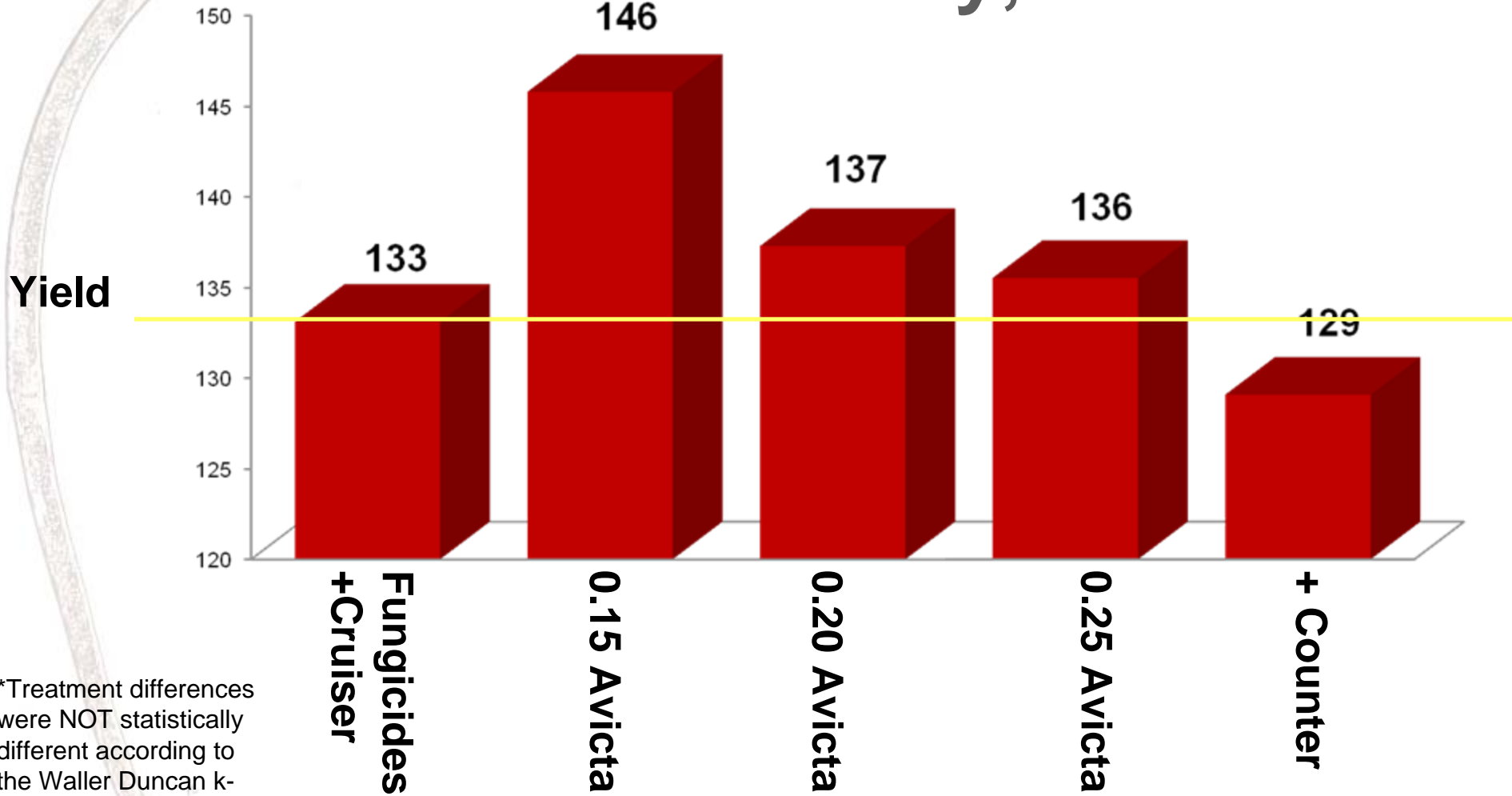
# Root Injury

- Documented nematode pressure
  - September 2006 - >2,000 root-lesion nematodes/gram dried root
  - Other nematodes, such as lance, dagger, and stubby-root nematodes were also identified at this location
  - Other testing locations had less nematode pressure than this site



# Avicta Nematicide Trial Results

## 2007 Shelby, NE

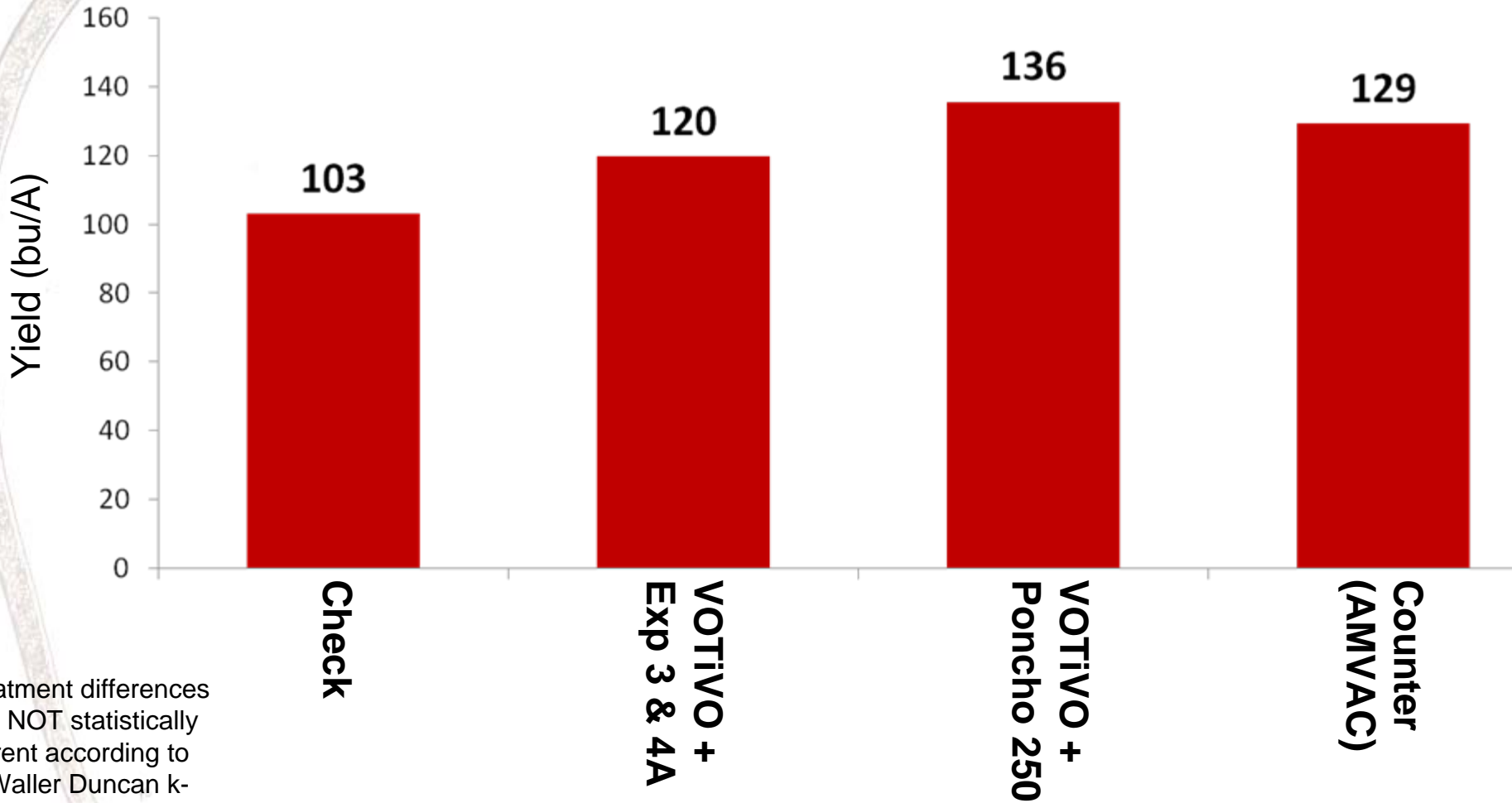


\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

\*All treatments also contained the seed treatment fungicides Maxim, Apron, and Dynasty.

\*Low nematode pressure – few spiral and stunt nematodes

# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results 2007 North Bend, NE

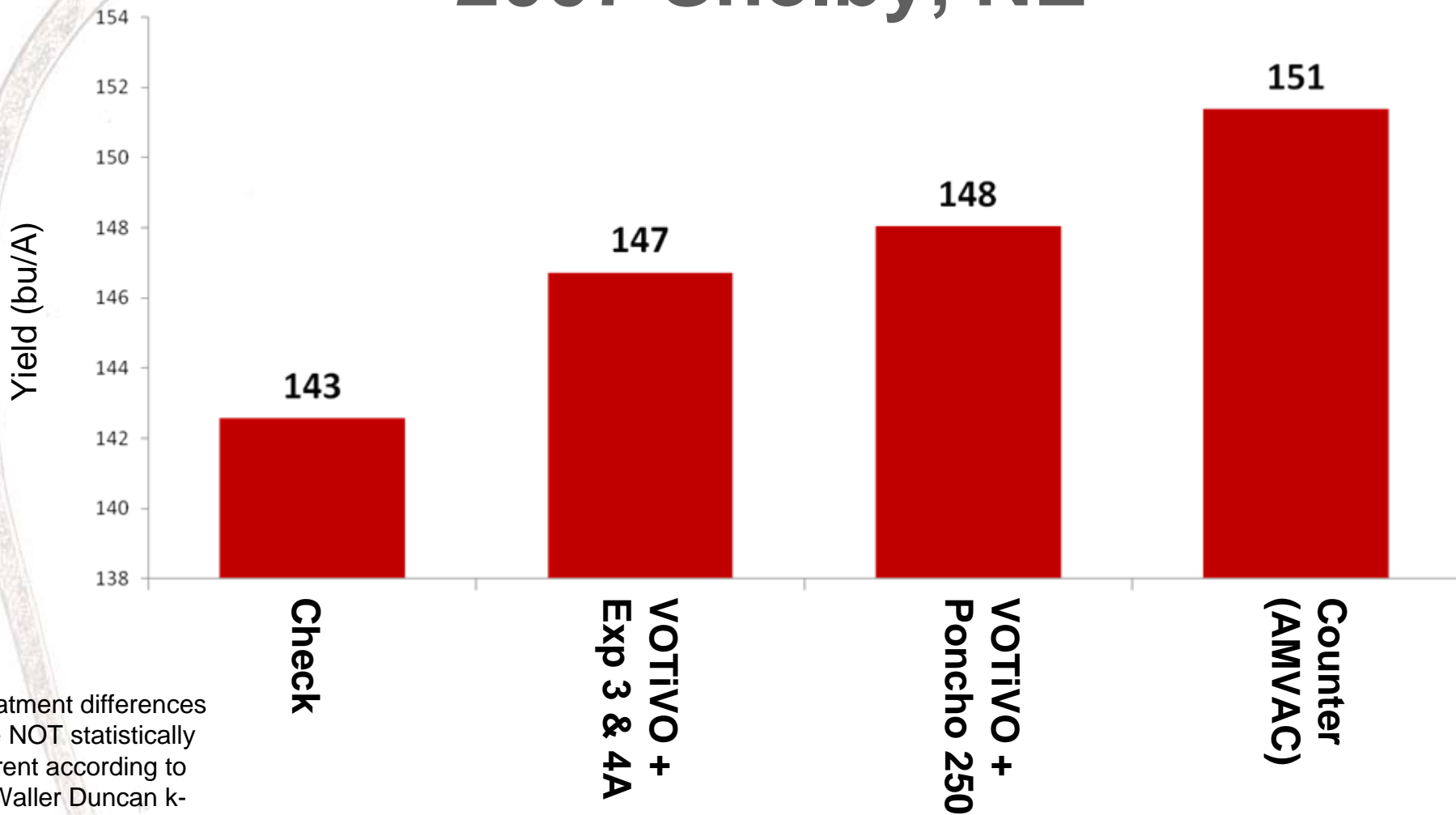


\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

\*All treatments also contained the seed treatment fungicides Maxim, Apron, and Trilex.

\*High population densities of lance nematodes in some plots + others

# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results 2007 Shelby, NE

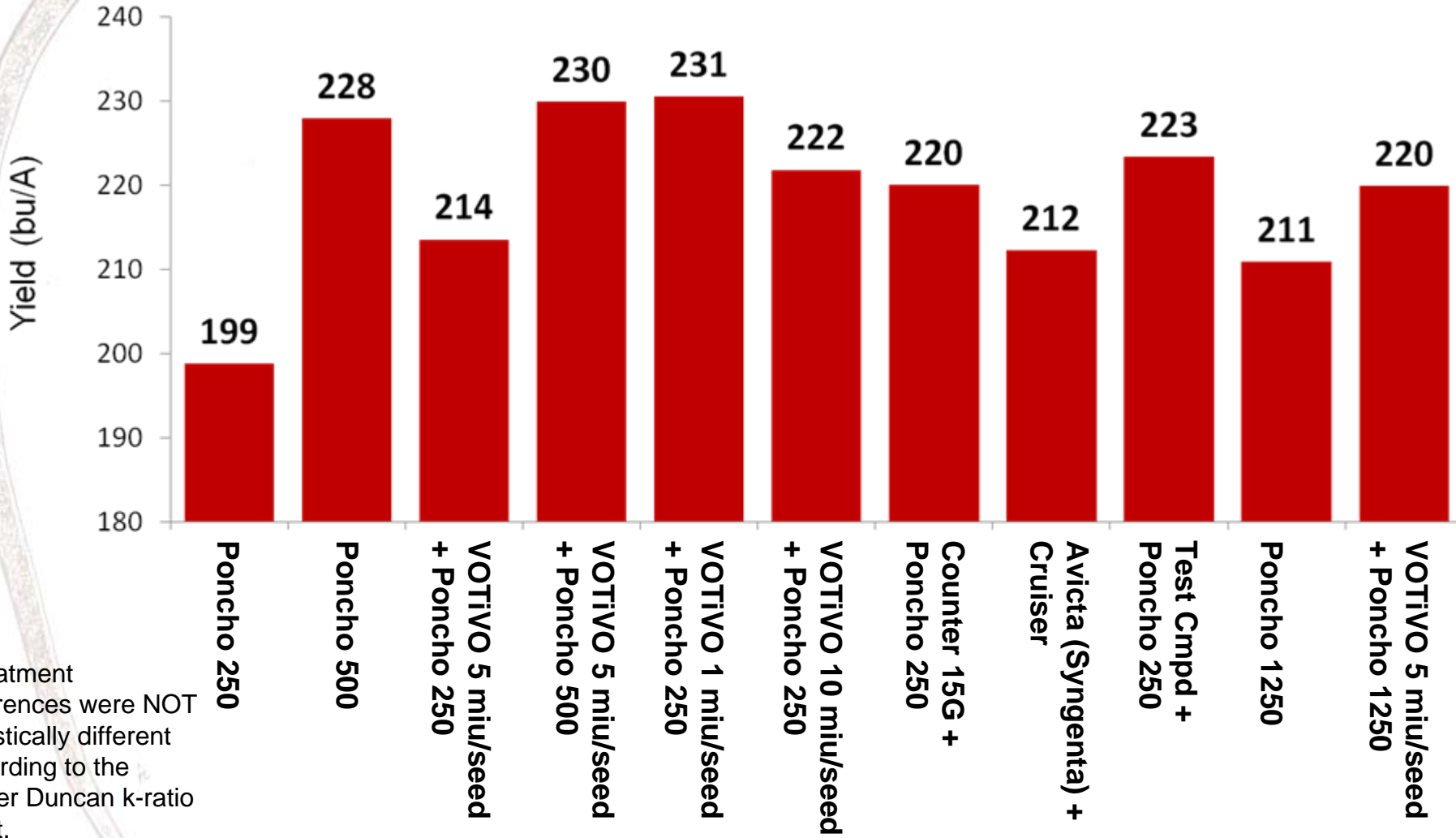


\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

\*All treatments also contained the seed treatment fungicides Maxim, Apron, and Trilex.

\*Low nematode pressure - only some spiral and stunt

# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results 2009 North Bend, NE



\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

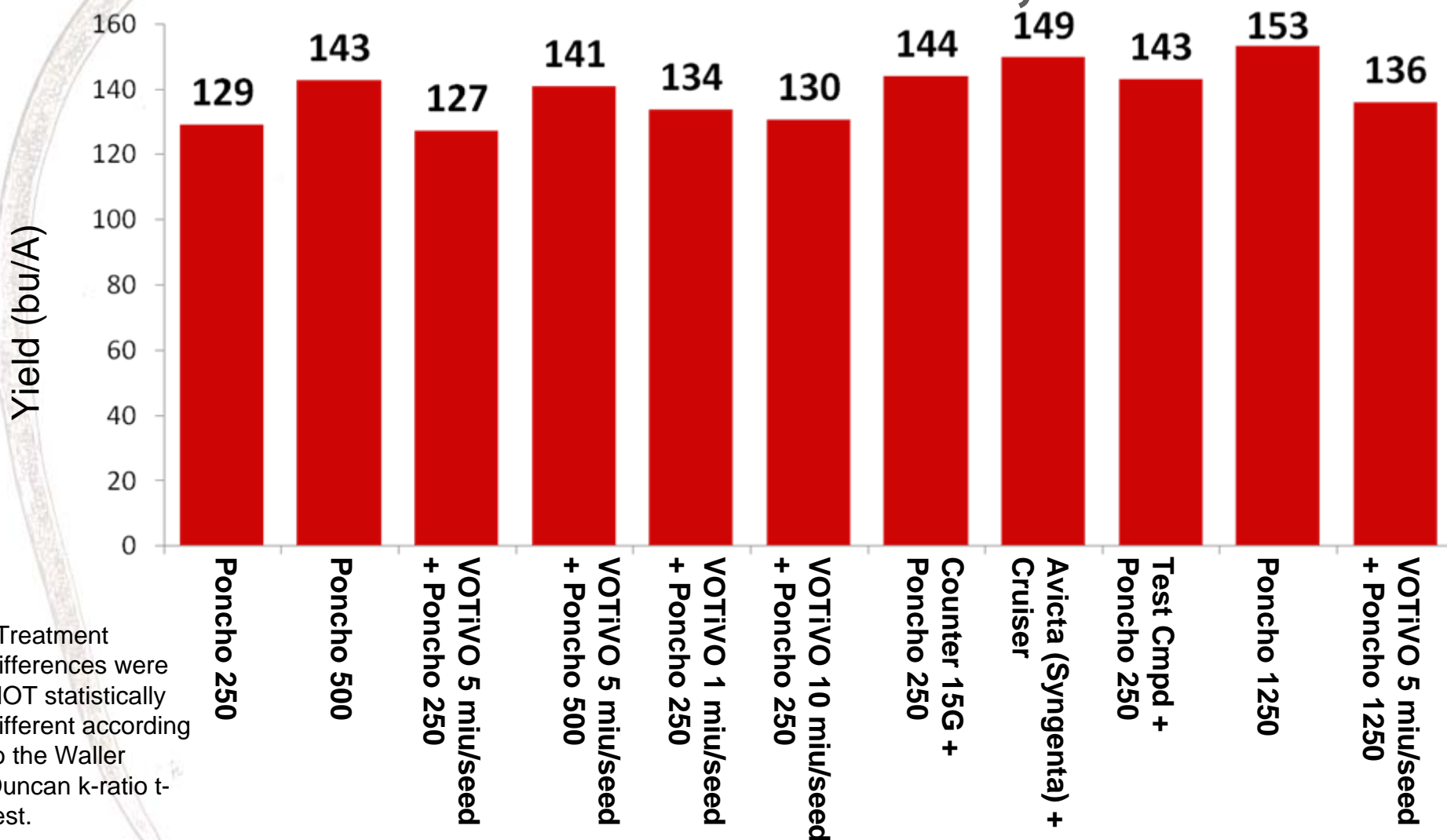
\*All treatments had a base seed treatment fungicide combination of ipconazole and metalaxyl.

\*High population densities of stunt and stubby-root nematodes + others





# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results 2009 West Point, NE



\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

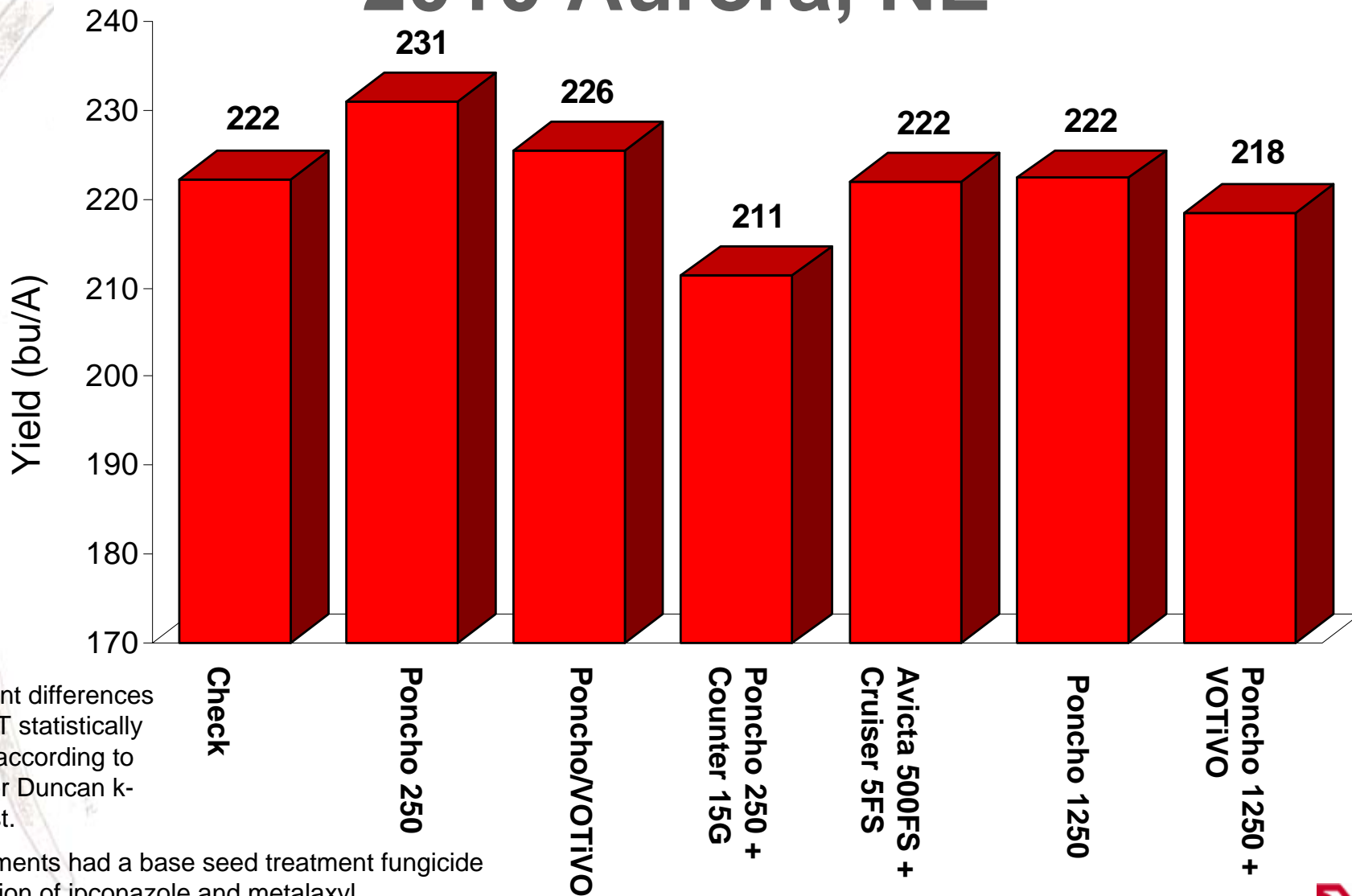
\*All treatments had a base seed treatment fungicide combination of ipconazole and metalaxyl.

\*High population densities of lesion and spiral nematodes + others



# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results

## 2010 Aurora, NE



\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

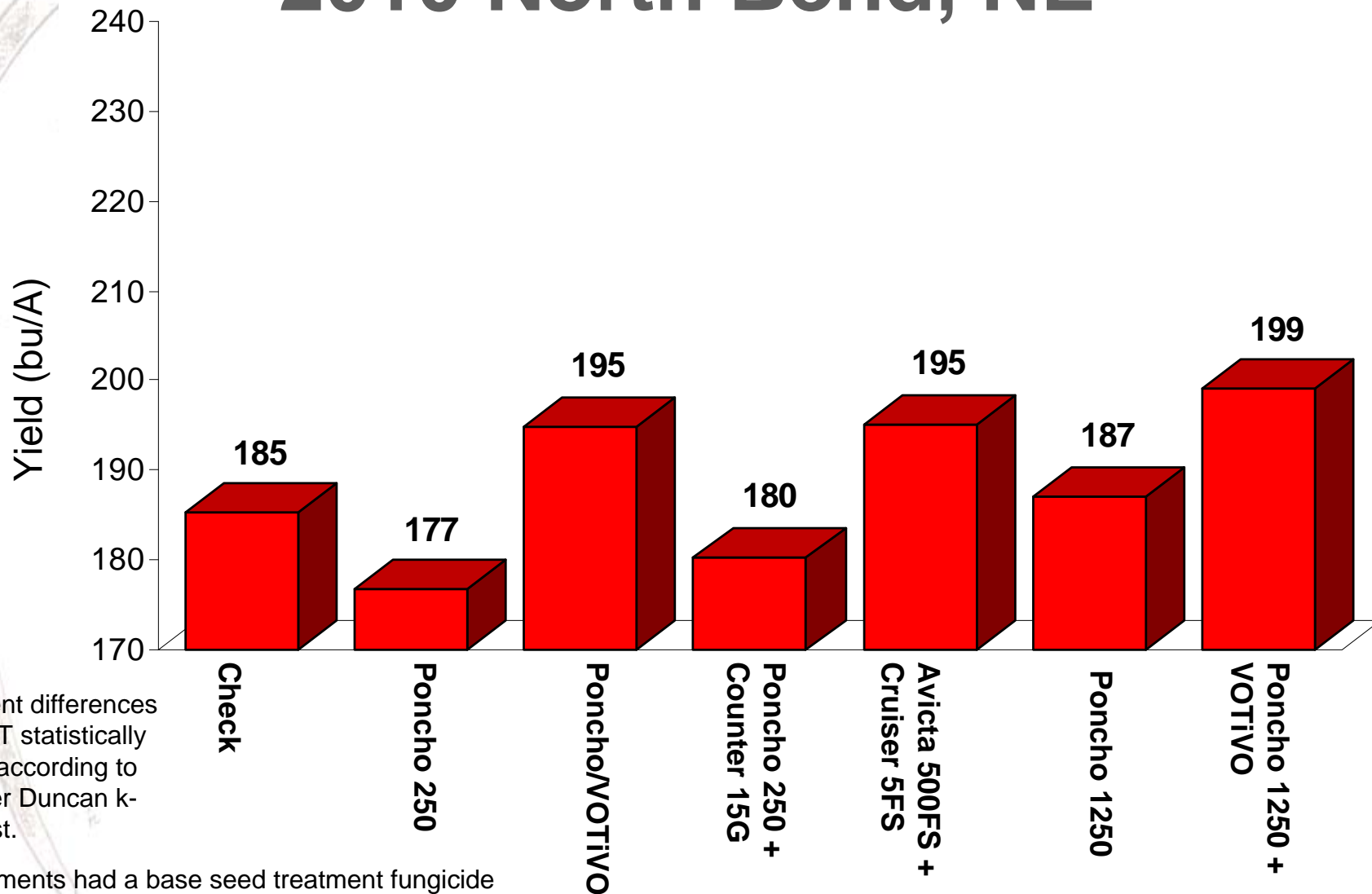
\*All treatments had a base seed treatment fungicide combination of ipconazole and metalaxyl.

\*Some lesion and spiral nematodes



# VOTiVO Nematicide Trial Results

## 2010 North Bend, NE



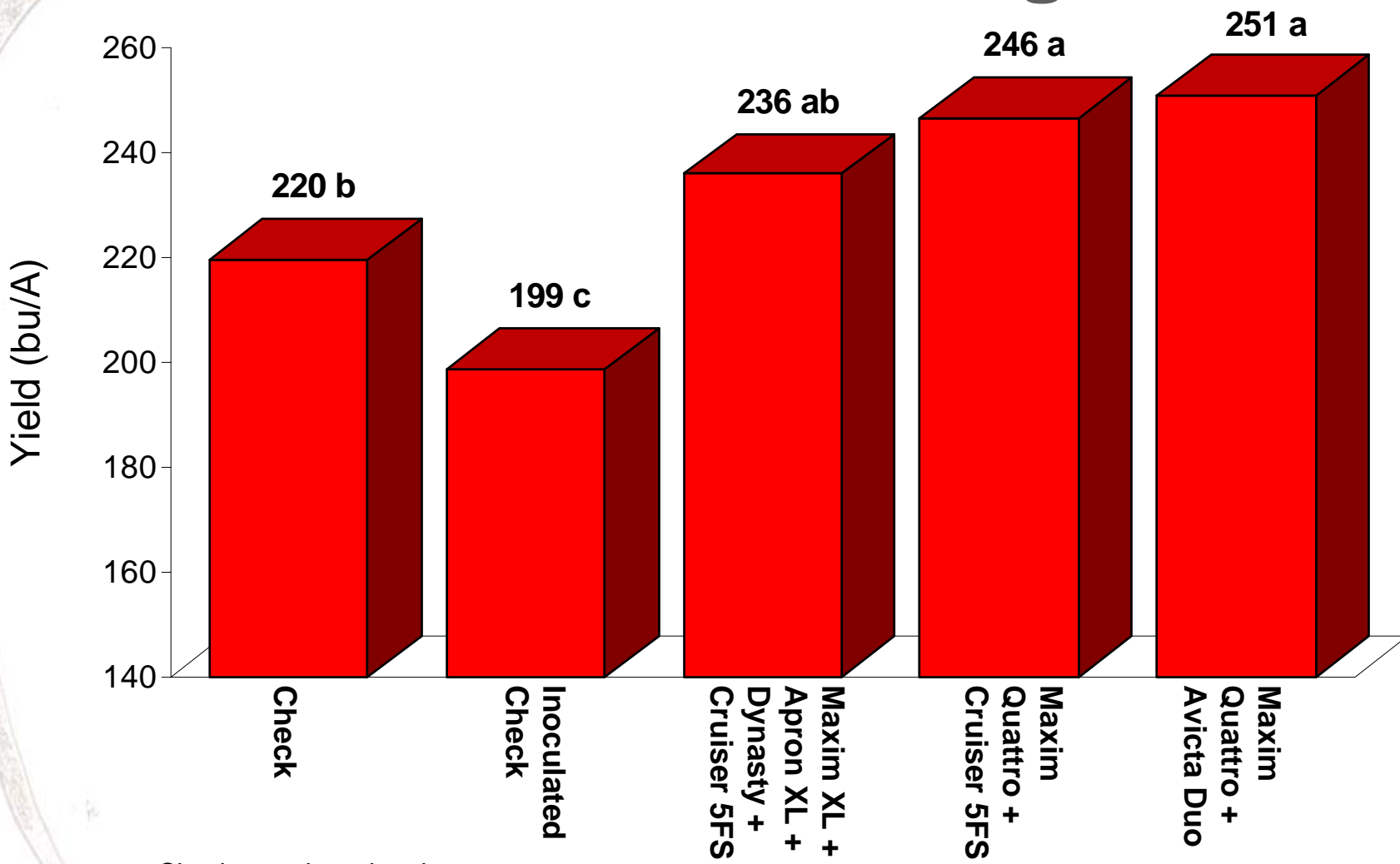
\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

\*All treatments had a base seed treatment fungicide combination of ipconazole and metalaxyl.

\*High population densities of lesion, lance, stubby-root, and stunt nematodes in some plots



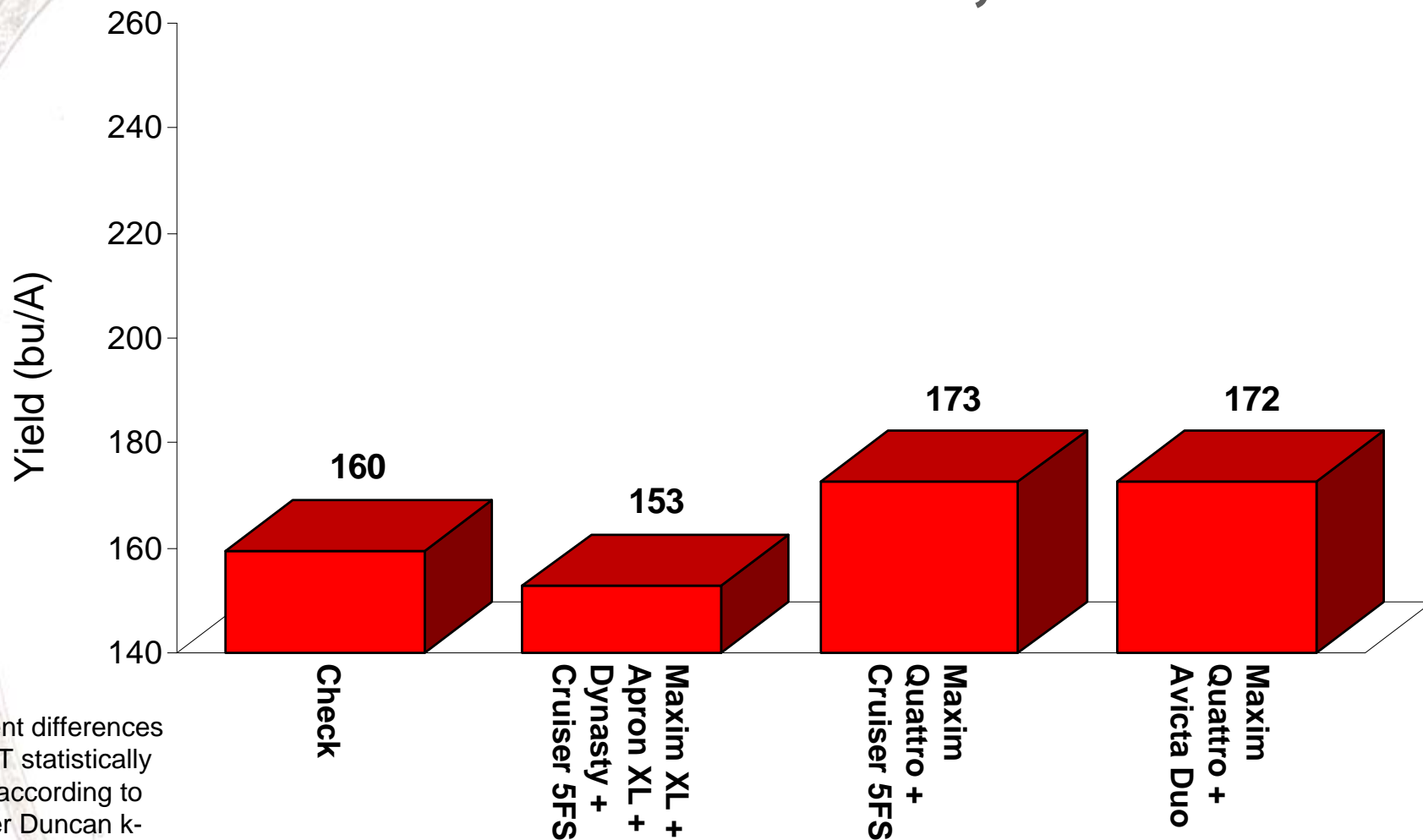
# Avicta Nematicide Trial Results 2010 South Central Ag Lab



\*All treatments except Check were inoculated at planting with *Fusarium* spp.

\*High population densities of lesion and spiral nematodes + others

# Avicta Nematicide Trial Results 2010 North Bend, NE




\*Treatment differences were NOT statistically different according to the Waller Duncan k-ratio t-test.

\*High population densities of lesion, lance, stubby-root, and stunt nematodes in some plots



# Conclusions and Interpretation

- 
- **Testing conditions**
    - Fields pre-selected with documented nematode pressure
    - Small plots (30' long x 10' wide) replicated 6 times
  - **Differences were often not obvious or measurable early in season**
  - **Variability in nematode data and/or growing conditions may mask treatment differences**
    - High statistical variability (high CVs) due to random aggregation of nematode populations
    - Mixed populations
      - Nematode genera infect and cause damage in different ways
  - **Interaction of other stresses**
    - Weather conditions
    - Nutrient imbalances

# Acknowledgements

- Jae Behn, Technologist
- Casey Schleicher, Technologist
- Kim Miller, Technician
- Corn Pathology Lab Staff
- UNL South Central Ag Lab Staff