2007 Foliar Fungicide Trials on Corn South Central Agricultural Laboratory Clay Center, NE

Tamra Jackson
Extension Plant Pathologist
University of Nebraska-Lincoln





2007 Foliar Fungicide Trials









South Central Ag Lab, Clay Center, NE Acknowledgement – Big John Manufacturing, Althouse, Ridgway, Rathje

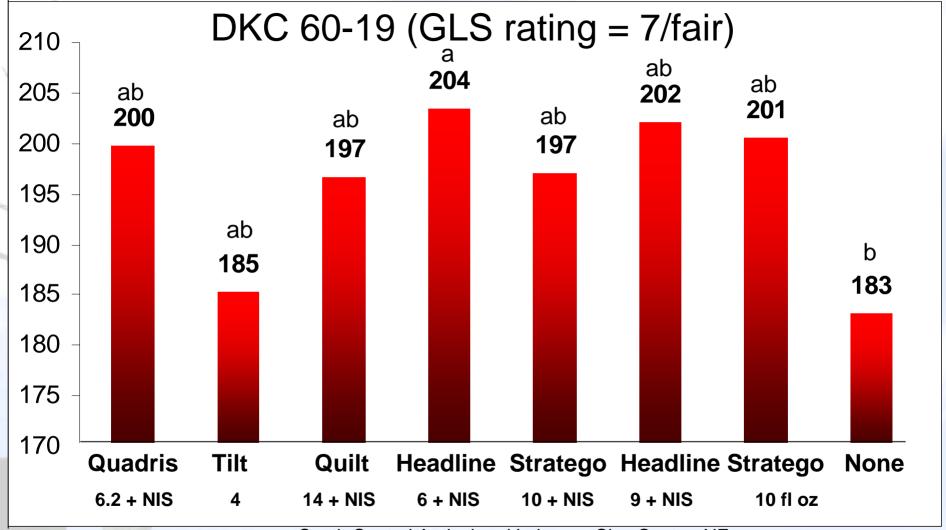
- New high clearance sprayer for 2007
- Elevated disease risk:
- Continuous corn
- Late planting (May 14, 2007)
- •6 reps
- •20 gpa
- Overhead sprinkler irrigated

2007 Foliar Fungicide Trials



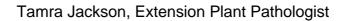
Gray Leaf Spot Severity (Lower Leaves) at Tasseling – July 22, 2007

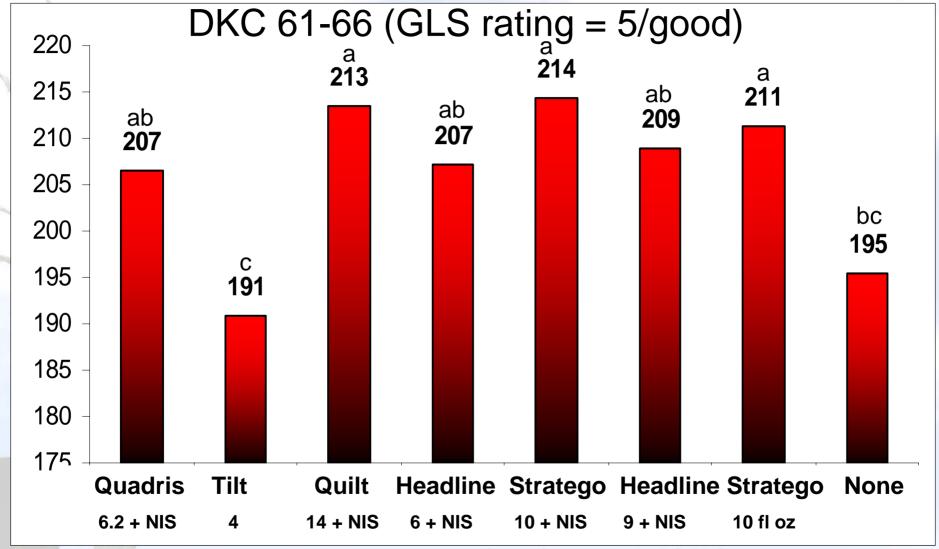




South Central Agricultural Lab near Clay Center, NE Planted May 14, 2007, 6 reps Fungicides applied at VT (July 23), 20 gpa, NIS = 0.25% v/v



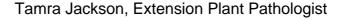




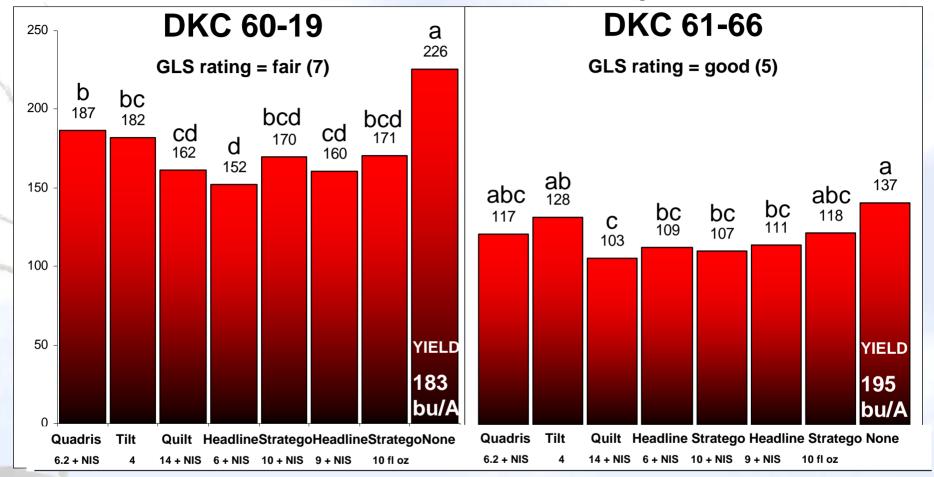
Planted May 14, 2007, South Central Ag Lab, Clay Center, NE

Fungicides applied at VT (July 23), 20 gpa, NIS = 0.25% v/v, 6 reps





2007 GLS Severity in NE



AUDPC = area under disease progress curve Disease rated July 15 and 30, August 20 Planted May 14, 2007, South Central Ag Lab, Clay Center, NE Fungicides applied at VT (July 23), 20 gpa, NIS = 0.25% v/v, 6 reps



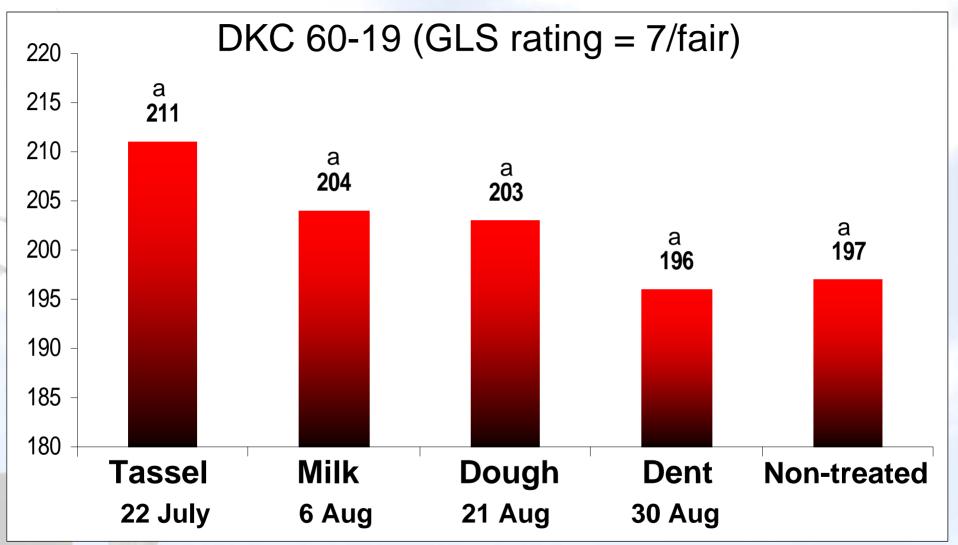




The late season (early **August) development of** severe southern rust in Nebraska in 2006 led to questions about the profitability of lateseason fungicide applications.

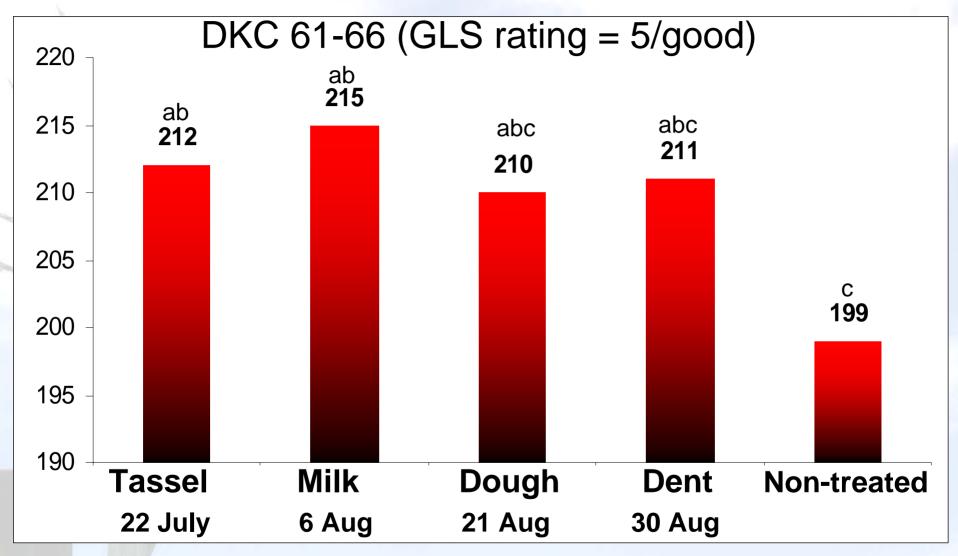






Planted May 14, 2007, South Central Ag Lab, Clay Center, NE Headline (6 fl oz/A + 0.25% NIS) applied at 20 gpa, NIS = 0.25% v/v, 6 reps





Planted May 14, 2007, South Central Ag Lab, Clay Center, NE Headline (6 fl oz/A + 0.25% NIS) applied at 20 gpa, NIS = 0.25% v/v, 6 reps







Department of Plant Pathology University of Nebraska-Lincoln Institute of Agriculture and Natural Resources



